

Viruses and Apple Propagation: Why Should I Worry?

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Viruses in Apple

• Who are the culprits?

• How are the culprits disseminated?

What are optimal management strategies?

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Viruses in Apple in New York

Viruses	Name	Acronym
Major	apple chlorotic leaf spot virus apple stem grooving virus apple stem pitting virus	ACLSV ASGV ASPV
	apple mosaic virus tomato ringspot virus	ApMV ToRSV
Minor	cherry leafroll virus tobacco ringspot virus	CLRV TRSV

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Apple chlorotic leaf spot virus - ACLSV



B.C. Ministry of Agriculture and Lands



Apple stem grooving virus - ASGV

Infected

Howell W.E. & Eastwell K.C., WSU

Healthy

Apple stem pitting virus - ASPV



Yanase H., Japan

Wilcox, W.F., Cornell

ASPV on Virginia Crab



Doud D. & Rosenberger D.A

ASPV on Virginia Crab



Doud D. & Rosenberger D.A

ASPV on SweeTango/Bud.9



ASPV + ACLSV



Red Delicious/G.935

Breth D.I. & Liz Tee, CCE

ASPV + ACLSV



Red Delicious/G.935

Breth D.I., CCE

Apple green crinkle disease

ASPV + ACLSV + ASGV on Granny Smith



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Apple mosaic virus - ApMV



Tomato ringspot virus - ToRSV

Red Delicious on MM. 106 Ogrodnick, J., Cornell

Red Delicious and Spartan on MM. 106 Ogrodnick, J., Cornell

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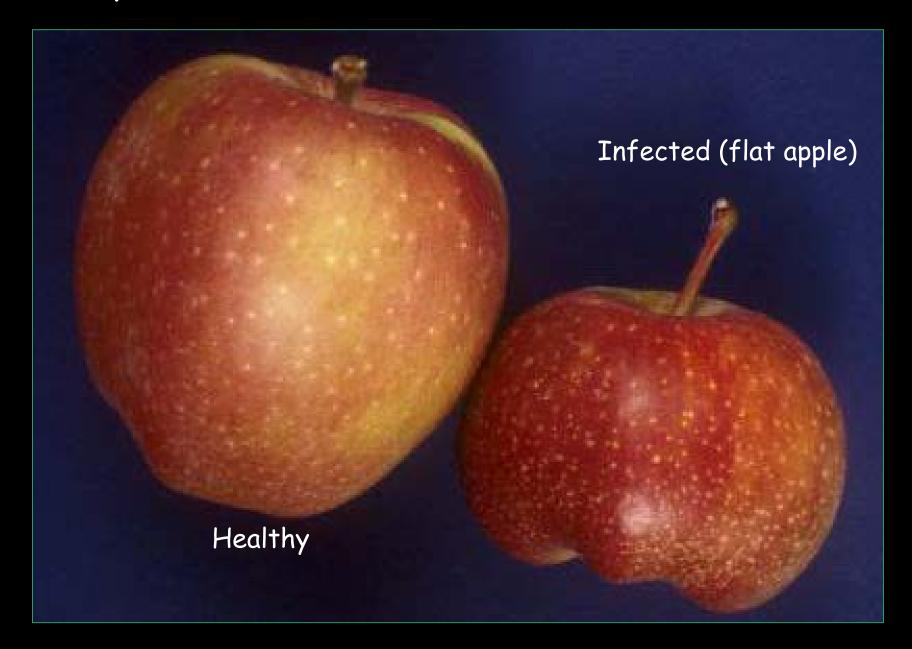




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Cherry leafroll virus - CLRV



Tobacco ringspot virus- TRSV



Halbrendt J. M., PSU

Viruses in Apple

• Who are the culprits?

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What are optimal management strategies?

Transmission of ACLSV, ASGV, ASPV and ApMV

No known insect vector

- No seed transmission
- Budding, grafting & top working

Transmission of ToRSV, CLRV and TRSV

Dagger nematodes

Xiphinema americanum



Transmission of ToRSV, CLRV and TRSV

- Dagger nematodes
- Weeds: Chickweed, dandelion, plantain

- No seed transmission
- Budding, grafting and top working

Viruses in Apple

• Who are the culprits?

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What are optimal management strategies?

- Carefully select new trees:
 - Avoid susceptible cultivar/rootstock combinations
 - Pick tolerant/resistant cultivars and rootstocks
 - Choose clean trees, buds and rootstock liners

- Build strategic relationships with your nursery and ask questions:
 - Were virus test performed?
 - Which tissue was tested?
 - When were tests performed?
 - What virus or viruses were assayed for?
 - Who ran the assays?

Carefully select new trees

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- Carefully select new planting sites
- Eliminate and manage weeds
- Rogue infected trees if growth and productivity as unsatisfactory
- Carefully select scion buds for top working

Management Strategies

 Be proactive, don't introduce a new disease problem close to your trees

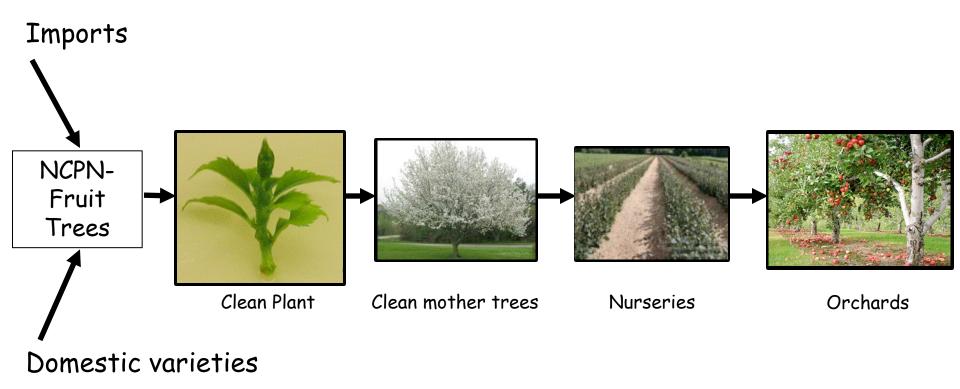
- Scout for virus symptoms:
 - Foliar discoloration or deformity
 - Change in growth habit or maturity timeline
 - Stem pitting or union necrosis
 - Fruit deformation
 - Lack of vigor or decline
 - Inability to cope with other stressors
- OR, WA, and PA have active, voluntary certification programs; NY does not yet.

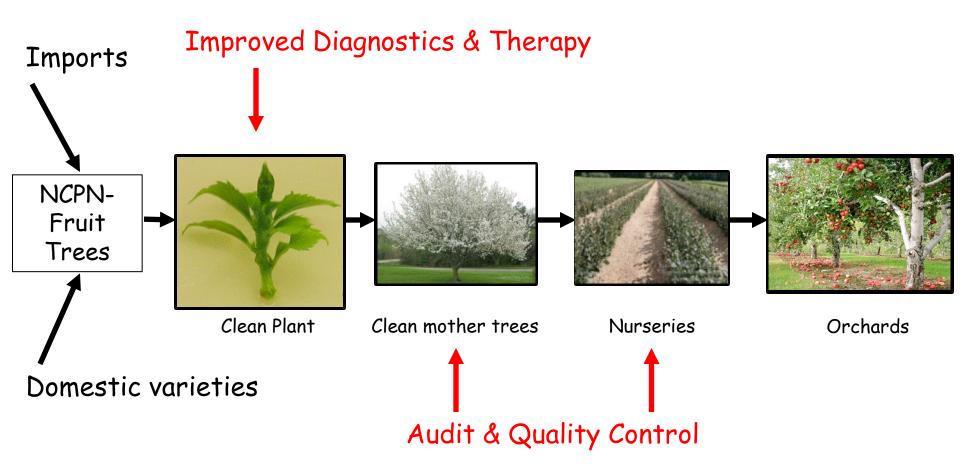
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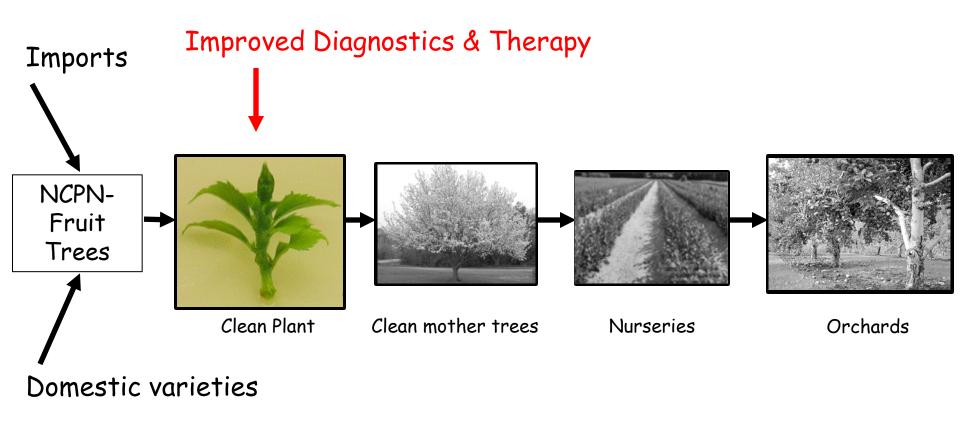
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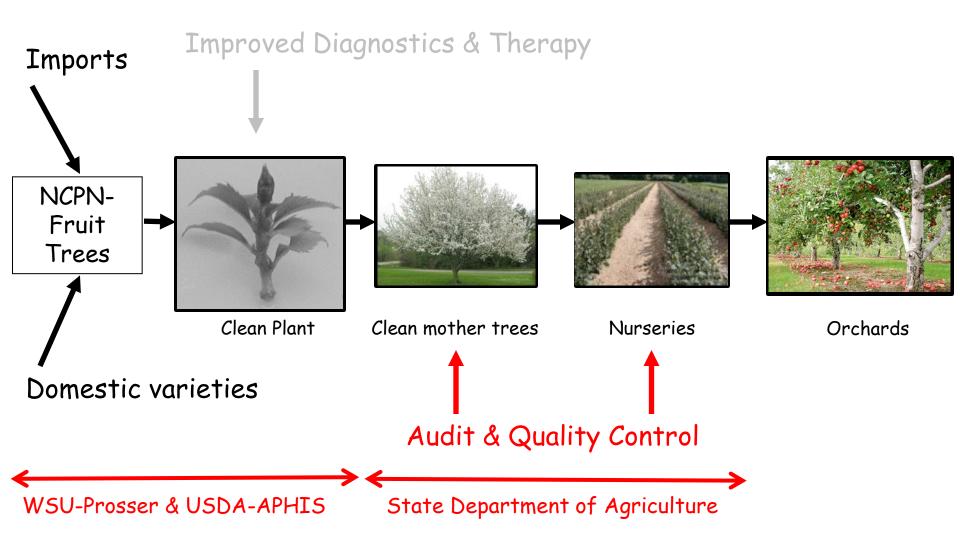
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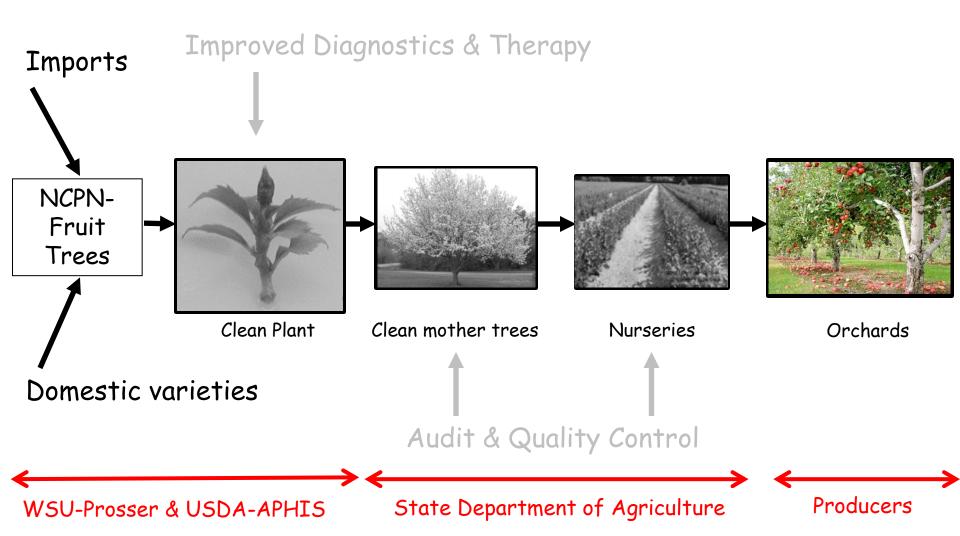


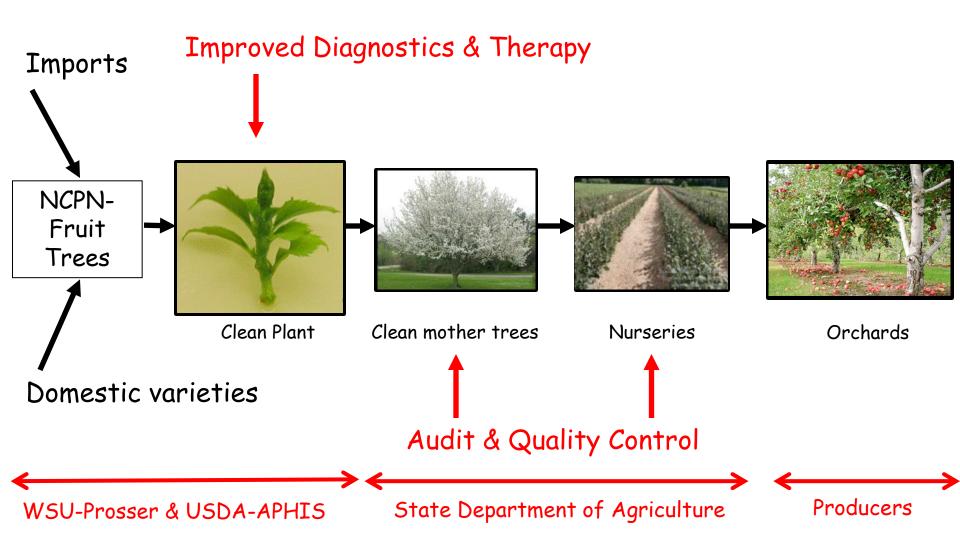












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What are optimal management strategies?

High quality apples .

Healthy orchards ...

Healthy trees!

We are all in it together ...

Acknowledgements

 Debbie Breth • Dan Donahue David Rosenberger Craig Kahlke Elizabeth Tee Mike Fraatz • Gemma Reig Cordoba • Wafler Nursery & Orchards Rosemary Cox